

DISCLAIMER: Patient medical characteristics, such as age, diagnosis, and ovarian reserve, affect the success of ART treatment. Comparison of success rates across clinics may not be meaningful due to differences in patient populations and ART treatment methods. The success rates displayed here do not reflect any one patient's chance of success. Patients should consult with a doctor to understand their chance of success based on their own characteristics.

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Success Rates for ART Intended Retrievals Among Patients Using Their Own Eggs: All Patients (with or without prior ART cycles)^{a,b,c}

All patients (with or without prior ART cycles)	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	>42
Number of intended retrievals	38	34	50	31	22
Number of intended retrievals per live birth	1.5	2.6	8.3	31.0	
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in live births	65.8%	38.2%	12.0%	3.2%	0.0%
Percentage of intended retrievals resulting in singleton live births	57.9%	35.3%	12.0%	3.2%	0.0%
Number of retrievals	36	33	44	25	19
Percentage of retrievals resulting in live births	69.4%	39.4%	13.6%	4.0%	0 / 19
Percentage of retrievals resulting in singleton live births	61.1%	36.4%	13.6%	4.0%	0 / 19
Number of transfers	48	31	15	*	7
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	52.1%	41.9%	6 / 15	* / *	0 / 7
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	45.8%	38.7%	6 / 15	* / *	0 / 7
New patients (with no prior ART cycles)	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	>42
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 intended retrieval	69.0%	50.0%	13.0%	* / 11	0 / 7
Percentage of new patients having live births after 1 or 2 intended retrievals	72.4%	50.0%	17.4%	* / 11	0 / 7
Percentage of new patients having live births after all intended retrievals	72.4%	50.0%	26.1%	* / 11	0 / 7
Average number of intended retrievals per new patient	1.1	1.1	1.4	2.0	1.4
Average number of transfers per intended retrieval	1.3	1.0	0.4	0.2	0.2

Success Rates for ART Transfers Among Patients Using Eggs or Embryos from a Donor^{a,b,c,d}

	Fresh embryos fresh eggs	Fresh embryos frozen eggs	Frozen embryos	Donated embryos
Number of transfers	*	0	7	0
Percentage of transfers resulting in live births	* / *		* / 7	
Percentage of transfers resulting in singleton live births	0 / *		* / 7	

Characteristics of ART Cycles ^{a,b}

	<35	35-37	38-40	41-42	>42	Total
Total number of cycles	97	99	89	62	49	396
Percentage of cycles cancelled prior to retrieval or thaw	2.1%	8.1%	5.6%	9.7%	12.2%	6.8%
Percentage of cycles stopped between retrieval and transfer or banking ^e	5.2%	0.0%	1.1%	16.1%	18.4%	6.3%
Percentage of cycles for fertility preservation	2.1%	22.2%	22.5%	14.5%	8.2%	14.4%
Percentage of transfers using a gestational carrier	0.0%	0.0%	5.4%	0 / 14	* / 14	1.9%
Percentage of transfers using frozen embryos	96.4%	95.1%	97.3%	14 / 14	11 / 14	95.0%
Percentage of transfers of at least 1 embryo with ICSI	81.8%	78.0%	70.3%	13 / 14	14 / 14	80.7%
Percentage of transfers of at least 1 embryo with PGT	67.3%	78.0%	81.1%	10 / 14	5 / 14	70.8%

Clinic Current Services & Profile

Single women?	Yes
Donor Eggs?	Yes
Donated embryos?	No
Embryo cryopreservation?	Yes
Egg cryopreservation?	Yes
Gestational carriers?	Yes
SART member?	No
Verified lab accreditation?	Yes

Reason for Using ART^{a,f}

Male factor	24%
Endometriosis	7%
Tubal factor	8%
Ovulatory dysfunction	7%
Uterine factor	1%
PGT	1%
Gestational carrier	1%
Diminished ovarian reserve	36%
Egg or embryo banking	54%
Recurrent pregnancy loss	3%
Other, infertility	4%
Other, non-infertility	11%
Unexplained	16%

ART = Assisted Reproductive Technology; ICSI = intracytoplasmic sperm injection; PGT = preimplantation genetic testing (diagnosis or screening)

^a Numbers and percentages exclude 8 cycle(s) that were evaluating new procedures.

^b Fractions are used when the denominator is less than 20; * Reported sample size of 1 through 4 have been suppressed.

^c A live birth is defined as the delivery of one or more infants with any sign of life. Multiple-infant births (for example, twins) with at least one live born infant are counted as one live birth. Success rates for cycles using a patient's own eggs are calculated by using all cycles started in 2017 with the intent to retrieve a patient's eggs and all transfers of these eggs, or embryos created from these eggs, started within 12 months of the start of the retrieval cycle. Success rates for cycles using a donor's eggs or donated embryos are calculated by using all transfers started in 2018.

^d Patients of all ages are combined because previous data show that a patient's age does not substantially affect success when using a donor's eggs or donated embryos.

^e Includes: (1) all cycles started with the intent to freeze all resulting eggs or embryos in which no eggs were retrieved or no eggs or embryos were actually frozen; (2) all cycles started with the intent to transfer fresh eggs, or fresh embryos created from fresh eggs, that were not cancelled and in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred; and, (3) all cycles started with the intent to transfer frozen eggs or frozen embryos in which no eggs or embryos were actually transferred.

^fPercentages may add to more than 100% because more than one diagnosis can be reported for each ART cycle.



Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, National Center for Chronic Disease Prevention and Health Promotion. Division of Reproductive Health [accessed Jun 14, 2021]. URL: http://nccd.cdc.gov/drh_art